

Section 2

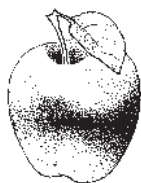
Lesson 6

Adjectives That Compare

We often compare things or people. Adjectives are used to compare one person or thing with another. There are three types of comparisons.

Sometimes we are not comparing anything.

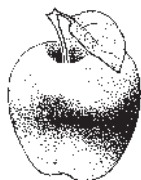
The apple is...



...big
...shiny
...delicious

Sometimes we compare two things. Then we usually add *er*. For longer words, we say *more*.

The apple is...



...big
...shiny
...delicious

The apple is...



...bigger
...shinier
...more delicious

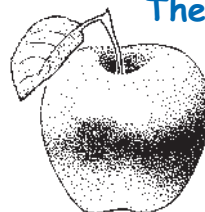
Sometimes we compare three or more things. Then we use *est* (or *most* for longer words).

The apple is...



...big
...shiny
...delicious

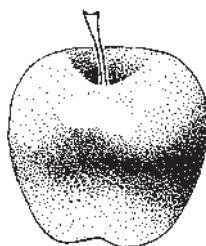
The apple is...



...bigger
...shinier
...more delicious

The apple is the ...

...biggest
...shiniest
...most delicious





Read each sentence, underlining the adjectives that compare.

1. Father's new truck is shinier than our car.
2. My grandfather is very wise.
3. That is the tiniest spider I have ever seen.
4. The mailman is later today than he was yesterday.
5. This rose is the prettiest in the vase.
6. He is the most courageous boy I know.
7. The science test was more difficult than the math test.
8. This pillow is very soft.



Write the number of the sentence to answer the questions.

9. Which two sentences show no comparison? ____ ____
10. Which three sentences compare two things or people? ____ ____ ____
11. Which three sentences compare three or more things? ____ ____ ____

Irregular Adjectives That Compare

You have learned that irregular words change their spelling. Here are some irregular adjectives.

<u>No Comparison</u>	<u>Comparing Two</u>	<u>Comparing Three or More</u>
good	better	best
bad	worse	worst
well	better	best
many	more	most



Say the irregular adjectives to someone.

Lesson 6



Use irregular adjectives from the list to complete the sentences.

12. There are _____ cherries on our tree this year.
13. I like cherry pie _____ than apple pie.
14. This is the _____ storm we have had this year.
15. Jared has _____ marbles than I do.
16. Esther is feeling _____ today than she did yesterday.

We Remember



Circle the letter of the sentence that shows someone listening correctly.

17.
 - a. Julie wrote the Bible references the preacher used in his sermon.
 - b. Tony and Jack played tic-tac-toe in the blank pages of Tony's Sunday school book during the sermon.



Write true or false.

18. _____ Antonyms are words that have the same meanings.
19. _____ Put a comma after yes at the beginning of a sentence.
20. _____ Synonyms are words that mean almost the same.



Fill in the blanks to complete the rules for note-taking.

21. Use your own _____ . Write in _____ .
Be _____ . Stick to the _____ .



Put quotation marks and ending punctuation marks where they belong.

22. Hooray! cried Trenton I am going to the sale barn with Father



Underline the words that should be capitalized.

23. jesus said, "i am the bread of life."
24. in the winter, spring creek seems like a funny name for a town.
25. the lord jehovah is my strength and song.



Name the reference book you would use to find the information.

26. How far is it from Boise, Idaho to Seattle, Washington? _____
27. The pronunciation of *javelin*. _____
28. Why is gold so valuable? _____



Penmanship

KKeep your letters flowing smoothly.



Write each spelling word once.

29. I spelled every word correctly. **Yes** **No**



Spelling

WORDS TO SPELL 2

daisy	vegetable		
celery	potato	lily	glance
sunshine	potatoes	lilies	lettuce
lilacs	mail	carrot	wheelbarrow
fence	male	cucumber	mirror

Lessons 6, 7



Write the plural form of each word.

30. lily _____

32. lilac _____

31. potato _____



Write the spelling word for each pronunciation.

33. pə tā' tō _____

34. dā' zē _____

35. kyū' kəm bər _____

36. kar' ət _____

37. vej' tə bəl _____

38. sel' ər ē _____

Lesson 7

More Note-Taking

Do you remember the rules for taking notes?

- stick to the subject
- write in phrases
- be accurate
- use your own words



Read the article. Take notes on the subject of the electricity of electric eels.

The electric eel is a long thin fish that gives off electricity. God gave it special body parts that produce electricity. An electric eel uses its electricity for several things. It can use it to find objects in the water or to signal other electric eels. It also uses its electricity to kill the frogs and small fish that are its food. An electric eel's electricity is not strong enough to kill a person, but it could give him a bad shock.

Electric eels live in the rivers of South America. They are greenish-brown and can grow to up to 8 feet (2.4 meters) long. The tail is the longest part of an electric eel's body. An electric eel has two little fins behind its gills and one long fin that goes from its tail almost to its throat.



- 1. _____

 **Write the rules for taking notes.**

- 2. _____

We Remember

 **Diagram these sentences.**

- 3. The Himalayan Mountains are in Asia.

Lesson 7

4. Peter and Grandfather talked.

5. Nelda and Natalie wore matching dresses.



Underline the adjectives that compare.

6. The store was busier today than yesterday.
7. He is the most daring boy I know.
8. Wayne is a better ball player than I.



Answer these questions.

9. Why should you not be talking during the church service?

10. Why is it important to sit still in church?

11. Susan copied from the encyclopedia when she took notes on sea otters. Which rule did she forget?



Look up these words in a dictionary. Add secondary marks.

12. el e va' tion cit' i zen ship vac' ci nate



Cross out the phrase that would destroy unity in a paragraph about oyster-catchers.

13. wading bird living along the coast
lives along sea in all parts of the world
long, sharp bill
oyster soup is good to eat
cracks open oyster shells to get food



Put commas in the sentence.

14. "Diane please come do the dishes" called Mother.



Write the definition of *return address*.

15. _____

Penmanship

Space your words evenly.



Copy Psalm 103:8 in your best handwriting.

- 16. The Lord is merciful and gracious, slow to anger,
and plenteous in mercy.

Psalm 103:8

Spelling



Write a compound spelling word in each sentence.

17. The _____ has a flat tire.
18. It was nice to enjoy the _____ after many days of rain.

Lesson 7



Use homophones from the spelling list to fill in the blanks.

- 19. Mother asked me to _____ a letter for her.
- 20. A drake is a _____ duck.



Write spelling words in the blanks.

- 21. Mrs. Tobin hauled the hoe and shovel in the _____ .
- 22. She had vegetable seeds to plant: _____ ,
_____, _____ , and
_____ .
- 23. As she worked she could smell the blooming _____
from the bushes along the _____ .
- 24. Once the seeds were planted, Mrs. Tobin began to dig holes to plant the
pieces of seed _____ .
- 25. Then she prayed for _____ to help her garden grow.
- 26. After finishing the planting, she walked to the mailbox to get the
_____ .
- 27. She picked a _____ and a _____
for a small vase by the _____ on her dresser.



Write the spelling words from each sentence.

- 28. We have lilacs and lilies growing in our yard.

- 29. I took a glance in the mirror on my way out the door.

- 30. We had a choice of vegetable or potato soup.
